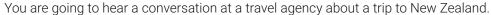
Erster Prüfungsteil: Hörverstehen

Aus urheberrechtlichen Gründen wurde der Teil Hörverstehen durch gleichwertige Musteraufgaben ersetzt.

Hörverstehen Teil 1

Teil 1: Plans for an exciting holiday in New Zealand

(Audiotrack: QR-Code rechts / Hörtext S. XX)



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- First read the tasks. ▶ Then listen to the conversation. ▶ While you are listening, tick the correct box or write down the information needed. ► At the end you will hear the audio file again. Now read the tasks. You have 90 seconds to do this. Now listen to the audio file and do the tasks. 1. Mrs Kendrick ... a) and her husband Benny were fascinated by what their friends told them about New Zealand last weekend.
- b) says that her appetite for New Zealand food has been whetted because of a dinner with friends. c) and her husband Benny were invited to have dinner at their friends' place last weekend. 2. Mrs Dickenson, the travel agent, mentions a number of reasons why New Zealand is a great holiday destination. State (at least) two of those reasons. 3. Mrs Kendrick ... a) and Mr Kendrick love mountain climbing. b) grew up on the banks of the Colorado River in the Rocky Mountains. c) was taught mountain climbing by her dad when she was young. 4. Fiordland National Park ...

a) 🗌	is only suitable for professional and very experienced mountain climbers.
b) 🔲	offers activities for both Mr and Mrs Kendrick.

c) is located on the northern tip of the South Island.

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5.	In Fiordland National Park
	a) there are no safe ways to go kayaking or canoeing.
	b) there is only one company that offers guided kayaking and canoeing tours.
	c) 🔲 you can choose between guided tours or independent hiring of canoes and kayaks.
6.	Visiting the Hobbiton Movie Set
	a) is regarded as a childish activity by the travel agent.
	b) is an absolute must-see for Mrs Kendrick.
	c) is regarded as a childish activity by most foreign tourists.
7.	The Hobbiton Movie Set
	a) a can be reached from Fiordland National Park by a domestic flight from Invercargill to Auckland.
	b) is located in the southern part of the North Island.
	c) 🔲 is a two-hour drive away from Fiordland National Park.
	In 30 seconds you will hear the conversation again so you can check your answers. il 2: Typically British
•	diotrack: QR-Code rechts / Hörtext S. XX) I are going to hear the result of a survey about characteristics frequently associated with British people.
	 First read the tasks. Then listen to the story. While you are listening, tick the correct box or write down the information needed. At the end you will hear the audio file again. Now read the tasks. You have 90 seconds to do this.
•	Now listen to the audio file and do the tasks.
1.	According to some Germans, a) there are more eccentric people in Britain than in other parts of the world.
	 b) eccentricity is seen as the most common characteristic of the British. c) eccentricity is the only quality that helped some British scientists, artists and politicians to make

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c	entric people have a particular spleen
)	and are often treated by a psychiatrist or in a psychiatric clinic.
)	and rarely lead a normal life with a job, a flat or a house and a family.
:)	but are not necessarily mentally ill at the same time.
λle	xander Graham Bell
)	was a scientific genius, and yet he performed a test on his dog which many people consider eccentric.
)	successfully taught his dog to speak English.
:)	stubbornly tried to invent the telephone, however without any noteworthy success.
Sir	Isaac Newton
1)	made one of his ground-breaking discoveries in physics after sticking a needle in his eye.
)	made ground-breaking discoveries in mathematics and physics.
:)	accidentally stuck a needle in his eye during one of his experiments in physics.
Vil	liam Blake
a)	wrote some of his poems sitting completely naked in his garden.
)	is an English poet who lived and worked in the early 1900s.
;)	is regarded as an eccentric artist because of the unusual ways in which he recited renowned literary works.
Sta	te (at least) two reasons why Freddie Mercury was considered to be an eccentric person.
Во	is Johnson
`	took part in a promotional activity during the London Olympics in 2012.
a)	

In 30 seconds you will hear the audio file again so you can check your answers.

rüfungen

Zweiter Prüfungsteil: Leseverstehen – Wortschatz – Schreiben

Leseverstehen: A travel blog

You are doing some research for a school project on unusual animals. You have come across a travel blog called "The Exploring Kiwis" by Sarah and Nathan from New Zealand.

- Read the travel blog.
- ► Then do the task.

Why are New Zealanders called Kiwis?

On our travels we realised that the majority of the world doesn't really know what a kiwi is. When we introduce ourselves as 'The Exploring Kiwis', we often get strange looks. People wonder: "Why are New Zealanders called after a fruit?"

- With that in mind, it's time we explain things for our international readers. A kiwi is a small, flightless bird that is typical of New Zealand, and it is not found anywhere else in the world. They're special little things and they are totally unique to New Zealand.
 - Kiwis have feathers that look like hair, and they lay massive eggs they have the biggest eggs in the world relative to their body size, with baby birds being 20% of the mother's size. Chickens and
- kiwis are about the same size, but a kiwi egg is about six times heavier than a chicken egg! Kiwis spend the day sleeping and hunt at night. These ancient animals can't fly, just like some of their relatives: the ostrich, emu and another New Zealand giant bird, the extinct moa.
 - Because New Zealand is made up of islands which haven't had any large, dangerous mammals² for millions of years, kiwis lived for a long time without any major predators³. They adapted to their environment without any real threats, there was no need to fly, no need for good eyesight. Unfortunately,
- 15 however, the kiwis' environment has changed a lot because humans settled on the island and brought animals with them. Just one hundred years ago, the kiwi population counted millions of birds. Today, around 27 kiwis are killed by predators every week. That's about 2% of the population every year. A single dog can wipe out all the kiwis in one area in a matter of days.
 - At this speed, kiwis may disappear from New Zealand in our lifetime.
- 20 Luckily, things are improving for some kiwi populations. In controlled areas where kiwis live free from predators, their numbers are slowly increasing.
 - ...But can you call us 'Kiwis'? Absolutely!

As our national bird, the kiwi has become a symbol of New Zealand. When you meet a New Zealander, you're welcome to call us Kiwis – a name that has become such a part of our culture that it's hard to imagine being

- ²⁵ called anything else. The kiwi bird was first seen on the badges⁴ of soldiers in the late 1880s and is now commonly used to describe people from New Zealand.
- So why do these birds have the same name as a fruit? Farmers found out that the 'Chinese gooseberry' also grew well down in New Zealand, and it was soon renamed 'kiwifruit' due to its similarity to the kiwi bird both are brown and fluffy. So, now you know. We're not named after a fruit at all, but after a cute, brown flight30 less bird!

Even though we can't answer the old question of which came first – the chicken or the egg – we can say with absolute certainty that the kiwi came before the kiwifruit!

¹ **extinct** – no longer in existence

² **mammal** – an animal that feeds its young with milk

³ **predator** – an animal that kills and eats other animals

⁴**a badge** – a small piece of metal or plastic that shows that a person belongs to a special organisation

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•	Tick the correct box and give one piece of evidence from the text by quoting short passages from the text.				
1.	. Many people worldwide think that New Zealanders				
	a) a eat lots of kiwifruit.				
	b) import a lot of kiwifruit.				
	c) share the name of the kiwifruit.				
	One piece of evidence from the text:				
2.	The aim of this blog entry is to				
	a) attract tourists from around the world.				
	b) clear up a common misunderstanding.				
	c) present amusing stories about New Zealand.				
	One piece of evidence from the text:				
3.	Compared to the eggs of other birds, the size of the kiwi egg is				
	a) huge.				
	b) small.				
	c) average.				
	One piece of evidence from the text:				
4.	Kiwis are most active				
	a) when it's dark.				
	b) in the daylight.				
	c) at sunrise and sunset.				
	One piece of evidence from the text:				
5.	Kiwis can't fly because of their				
	a) poor ability to see.				
	b) safe home in the past.				
	c) strategy to hide from risks.				
	One piece of evidence from the text:				

6.	Today, kiwis are at risk because of
	a) people's pets.
	b) climate change.
	c) serious illnesses.
	One piece of evidence from the text:
7.	The future survival of kiwis is
	a) definite.
	b) uncertain.
	c) impossible.
	One piece of evidence from the text:
8.	Using 'Kiwis' as a nickname for New Zealanders is
	a) just fine.
	b) disrespectful.
	c) okay in some cases.
	One piece of evidence from the text:
9.	The kiwi as a symbol of New Zealand was connected to
	a) export.
	b) agriculture.
	c) the military.
	One piece of evidence from the text:
10.	Kiwifruit got its name because it
	a) looks like the bird.
	b) is the bird's favourite food.
	c) comes from the same area as the bird.
	One piece of evidence from the text:

Prüfungen

Wortschatz

Freaks?

Have you ever seen people freaking out because their pencils were not arranged in a certain way on their desk?

In her blog, Ava writes about an illness that can complicate people's lives.

)	Fill in suitable words or t	tick the correct box.		
•	Give only one solution.			
1.	It's strange that some po	eople are so		
	a) 🔲 mad at	b) 🗌 silly about	c) 🗌 crazy about	d) upset with
	putting their books on the	e shelf in alphabetical or	der.	
2.	And then there are those	e people who have this	unusual cleaning	
	a) manner	b) habit	c) duty	d) custom
	and think they always ha	ve to wash their car eve	ry Saturday at exactly 10 a.	m.
3.	Even Oscar-winning act	or Leonardo DiCaprio h	as	
	that he must always ste	p on cracks when he wa	alks on a pavement.	
4.	People who have to repo	eatedly carry out certai	n actions might experience	e
if they aren't able to do so.				so.
5.	Some people freak out i	f they get the feeling th	at they are not in	
	a) 🔲 management	b) authority	c) 🔲 force	d) _ control
	all the time.			
6.	Famous British football	er David Reckham has t	his problem too. He is	
J .	. Famous British footballer David Beckham has this problem too. He is with an illness that is called OCD (Obsessive Compulsive Disorder).			
7.	He has to live			
	a) 🔲 with	b) 🔲 in	c) 🔲 on	d) 🗌 through
	the problem that he mus	et arrange items in the fr	dge in a certain pattern or	ouy groceries in even
	numbers			

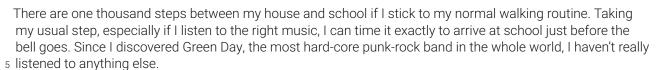
8.		uld laugh at this, the si	tuation for people with OCD i	is really not
9.	People who don't have		e to wrong	
	a) conclusions	b) 🗌 results	c) consequences	d) outcomes
	about people with the il	lness.		
10.	I once accidentally ski	ipped a date because I	had to get off my bus, go ho	me, and make
	a) clear	b) sure	c) secure	d) 🔲 safe
	that I hadn't left the co	ffee pot on.		
11.	I had to go home THR	EE TIMES to	the situation and	see that everything was fine
12.	Luckily, the date was t	with a friend I'd known	since kindergarten. When I t	earfully explained
	what had happened he	e showed a lot of	and said i	t was totally okay.
13.	But remember, with th	e right treatment and l	nelpful people around you, yo	ou can live a
		life despite	vour OCD.	

Schreiben

Lost Numbers extract from "Invisibly Breathing" by Eileen Merriman

For Felix, the narrator of the following story, life at school is sometimes hard. Numbers play an important role in his life.

I wish I wasn't the weirdest sixteen-year-old guy in the universe.



I can't sing along when I'm walking to school, though, because I'm too busy counting. Usually I only sing when I'm alone in my room. I don't sing in the shower, like my little brother Alfie. I hate listening to the drumming of water and the music at the same time, a riot 1 in my head.

Today is the third week of February, the second week of the school year. I'm walking through the grass, watching how the sunlight reflects in the dew². I'm so concentrated on the dew that I don't see them until they're all around me, like tadpoles³. I take my headphones off so they're hanging around my neck, not because I want to hear what they're saying, but so I can defend myself if I have to.

"Hey, Felix," Sam Birch says. "What're you listening to?" I keep walking.

Henry Teoh, walking two steps behind him, laughs. I stick my headphones back on in a piss-off gesture, and let Green Day calm me with another song.

Sam, Henry and a couple of year-twelve girls are nothing I can't deal with. I start walking faster, knowing they're calling me "Freak-out Felix" and "punk" behind my back.

I try to start counting again, but I've forgotten where I stopped counting. My thousand-steps-exactly is ruined. If I arrive at school and I've miscounted, my day is going to be bad.

20 "Damn it," I whisper. I'm going to be late, and there's nothing I can do about it.

After looking left-right-left, I cross the road and walk back home fast, six hundred and three steps. When I reach our letterbox, I pause for a moment to look at the small river at the bottom of our property, shiny like tinfoil⁴, then our beige house, the curtains open to the morning sun.

I take a deep breath, turn to face the street and start walking again.

25 One. Two. Three. Four. Five ...

When I sit down next to Bindi, it's ten minutes after the second bell. Our physics teacher, Mr Campbell, hardly looks at me before the words "Friday detention⁵" leave his mouth. It's no more than I expect. Rules are rules, and if everyone just obeyed the same rules all the time, my life would be a whole lot easier. Sometimes I wish someone would tell me what the rules are for talking to people so I can learn them, like lyrics to Green Day songs and physics principles. Bindi says,

"How come you were late?"

I look at her. Bindi Cheung is only about a metre and a half tall, and wears her shiny black hair in a medium length haircut. She reminds me of the Lego minifigures lined up on my bookshelf.

"I had to go back for something." I don't say, I went back to find the lost numbers.



¹ **a riot** – here: chaos

² **dew** – small drops of water that form during night

³ **tadpole** – the young form of a frog

 $^{^4}$ **tinfoil** – metal made into very thin sheets that is used for covering food

⁵ **detention** – having to stay longer at school as a punishment

- Read the tasks carefully.
- ▶ Make sure to write about all the aspects presented in each task.
- 1. **Describe** the situation Felix finds himself in and how he deals with it.

8 P

2. Analyse Felix's personality. Focus on how he behaves, what he observes and what he thinks.

10 P

3. You have a choice here. Choose one of the following tasks.

12 P

a) When Felix comes late to school he thinks: "Rules are rules, and if everyone just obeyed the same rules all the time, my life would be a whole lot easier."

Comment on Felix's thought. Include the following aspects:

- ▶ the importance of rules in Felix's everyday life
- ▶ the importance of rules in your own life
- ▶ the usefulness of rules in society in general

or

b) Bindi is not happy with Felix's excuse for being late. That's why she asks him again after the lesson. Write how the story continues.

Include the following aspects:

- ► Felix's honest explanation for being late
- ► Bindi's reaction to his explanation
- ▶ Bindi's advice on how to deal with Felix's "secret"

You can start like this:

Bindi catches up with me when I walk out of the classroom. She ...



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